### SAFETY DATA SHEET



### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name MINERAL SANDS CONCENTRATE

Synonyms ILMENITE ZIRCON MONAZITE CONCENTRATE • MONAZITE 20

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses RAW MATERIAL FOR PRODUCTION OF RARE EARTH COMPOUNDS

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name ILUKA RESOURCES LIMITED

Address Level 17, 240 St Georges Terrace, Perth, WA, 6000, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9360 4700 Fax +61 8 9360 4777 Website http://www.iluka.com

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

**Emergency** +61 8 9360 4700 (8:00 to 17:00 AWST)

Poison Information 13 11 26

Centre

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

**Physical Hazards** 

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

**Health Hazards** 

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 5

**Environmental Hazards** 

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word WARNING

**Pictograms** 

**Hazard statements** 

H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

**Prevention statements** 

None allocated.

Response statements

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage statements

None allocated.

**Disposal statements** 

None allocated.

Page 1 of 7 SDS Date: 04 Jul 2019 Version No: 4

ChemAlert.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
ZIRCON	14940-68-2	239-019-6	20 to 25%
XENOTIME	13817-22-6	-	<5%
ILMENITE	98072-94-7	308-551-1	30 to 40%
MONAZITE	1306-41-8	-	15 to 25%
ALUMINOSILICATE	1302-93-8	215-113-2	5 to 15%

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes, or until particle is removed. Remove contact lenses

if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

**Inhalation** If inhaled move to fresh air and keep comfortable.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, brush off loose particles. If on clothing, brush off loose particles. If irritation

occurs, seek medical advice.

**Ingestion** If swallowed, rinse mouth and get medical attention if you feel unwell.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities should be available.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

No fire or explosion hazard exists.

#### 5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

Page 2 of 7

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Collect and place in sealable containers for reuse or disposal as radioactive waste.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.



SDS Date: 04 Jul 2019

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. When stockpiled, ensure leachate and runoff cannot enter drains or waterways.

### 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Exposure standards**

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
	Neierence	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Nuisance Dust	SWA [AUS]		10		
Zirconium compounds	SWA [AUS]		5		10
Zirconium compounds (as Zr)	SWA [AUS]		5		10

#### **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction **Engineering controls** 

ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

**PPE** 

Wear safety glasses and if there is a potential for dust, wear dust-proof goggles. Eye / Face

Hands Wear industrial grade gloves when handling material.

Where heavy contamination is likely, wear PVC or rubber gloves.

**Body** Where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If Respiratory

respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.









## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

LIGHT BROWN TO YELLOW COLOURED GRANULAR SOLID **Appearance** 

Odour ODOLIRI ESS NON FLAMMABLE **Flammability** Flash point **NOT RELEVANT Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE Melting point** 1900°C to 2300°C **Evaporation rate NOT VOLATILE** 

pН 5 to 7.5

**NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour density Specific gravity 4.8 to 5.2 Solubility (water) **INSOLUBLE** 

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 04 Jul 2019

Page 3 of 7 Version No: 4

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Vapour pressure NOT VOLATILE NOT RELEVANT Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit **NOT AVAILABLE** Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE** 

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No information provided.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

None in normal or expected use.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases when heated to decomposition.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Non-toxic. There are no known hazards resulting from accidental ingestion of this product as may occur

during normal handling. Ingestion of large quantities may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal system,

mainly as a result of abrasion.

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mechanical irritation.Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may result in mechanical irritation.

**Sensitisation** Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

Mutagenicity Not classified as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity This product contains a small amount of respirable crystalline silica and precautions should be taken to avoid

inhaling the dust. Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). The normal grain size of the product precludes it from being an inhalation hazard. Zircon, monazite and xenotime are slightly radioactive due to the presence of natural uranium and its daughter products which produce low levels of alpha particles and gamma rays. Although this radiation is classified as low level, unnecessary exposure to the product should be avoided. Some human data indicates that uranium compounds may lead to lung and bone cancers. These deposits also contain low levels of thorium, which is classified as a confirmed human

carcinogen (IARC Group 1).

Reproductive Not classified as a reproductive toxin. Radioactive materials are known to cause reproductive effects.

STOT - single exposure

No known effects from this product.

STOT - repeated exposure

**Aspiration** 

The normal grain size of the product precludes it from being an inhalation hazard. This product contains a small amount of respirable crystalline silica and precautions should be taken to avoid inhaling the dust.

Radiation: This product contains low levels of naturally occurring radioactive elements of the uranium and thorium series. Low level gamma radiation from bulk or bagged stockpiles of this product can increase gamma levels slightly above normal background.

This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION



SDS Date: 04 Jul 2019 Version No: 4

Page 4 of 7

#### 12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Disposal must be in accordance with Federal, State and Local Council regulations. If approved, may be

transferred to an approved landfill site. Many states are developing new regulations for the disposal of waste containing Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials (NORM) or Technologically Enhanced Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials (TENORM) above background levels. Consult and comply with current

regulations.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	2912	2912	2912
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY (LSA-I), non fissile or fissile-excepted	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY (LSA-I), non fissile or fissile-excepted	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY (LSA-I), non fissile or fissile-excepted
14.3 Transport hazard class	7	7	7
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not a Marine Pollutant

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None allocated.

GTEPG REFER EMS F-I, S-S

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Page 5 of 7

Labelling of Chemicals.

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 04 Jul 2019

Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Additional information

RADIOACTIVE COMPOUNDS - ALPHA EMITTERS: Alpha radiation is emitted by radioactive materials as they decay. Alpha radiation does not penetrate below the outer layer of skin. Restrict all potential routes of internal exposure by inhalation, ingestion and contact with open wounds.

RADIOACTIVE COMPOUNDS - GAMMA EMITTERS: Gamma radiation is emitted by radioactive materials as they decay. Gamma radiation penetrates the body and a distance in air. Based on the measured emission level of a gamma radiation source, warning signs may be required for identification. Reduction to gamma radiation exposure is achieved by increasing distance from the source, a reduction of the time in contact with the source and by the use of a shield made from lead, concrete or thick steel between a person and the source.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

#### HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
Appreviations	ACGILI	Alliencan Conference of Governmental industrial rivulentsis

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Page 6 of 7

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average



SDS Date: 04 Jul 2019

#### Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

### Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711

Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmtglobal.com

[ End of SDS ]



SDS Date: 04 Jul 2019